



广东岭南职业技术学院
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POLYTECHNIC

智能制造学院

模具设计与制造专业

斜顶结构设计





01

斜顶设计





(1) 双击节点部件成为工作部件：17MJ001_prod_003.prt

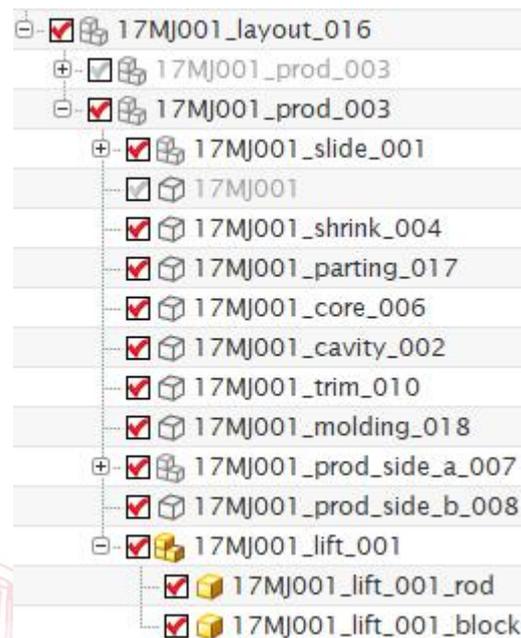
(2) “新建组件”：17MJ001_lift_001.prt（注意选择项目所在的目录）



(3) 双击行位部件成为工作部件：17MJ001_lift_001.prt

(4) “新建组件”，引用集为“仅整个部件”：
17MJ001_lift_001_rod.prt、
17MJ001_lift_001_block.prt

(5) 回到总装配，保存。



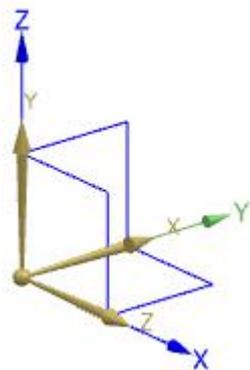


(6) 使成为**显示**部件: 17MJ001_lift_001_rod.prt

(7) 在部件导航器中, 显示“基准坐标系(0)”

(8) 工作图层: 251

(9) 在YZ平面创建草图



(10) 创建草图曲线





(11) 工作图层: 1

(12) 拉伸草图

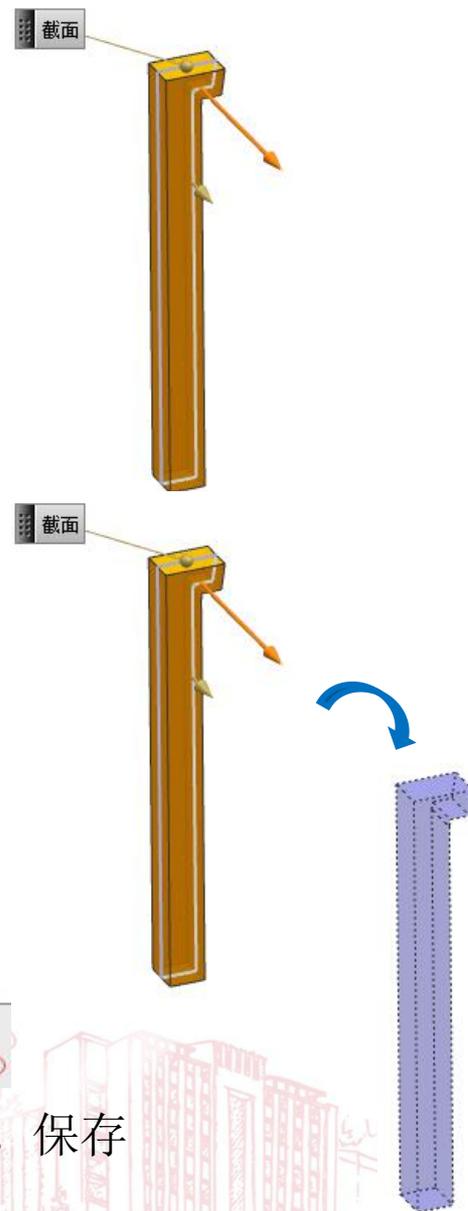
(13) 创建引用集: TRUE,
对象为拉伸体

(14) 工作图层: 99

(15) 拉伸草图:
距离引用上一个拉伸值

(16) 创建引用集: FALSE,
对象为拉伸体

(17) 设置拉伸体对象显示: 深蓝色, 点虚线, 透明度80。保存



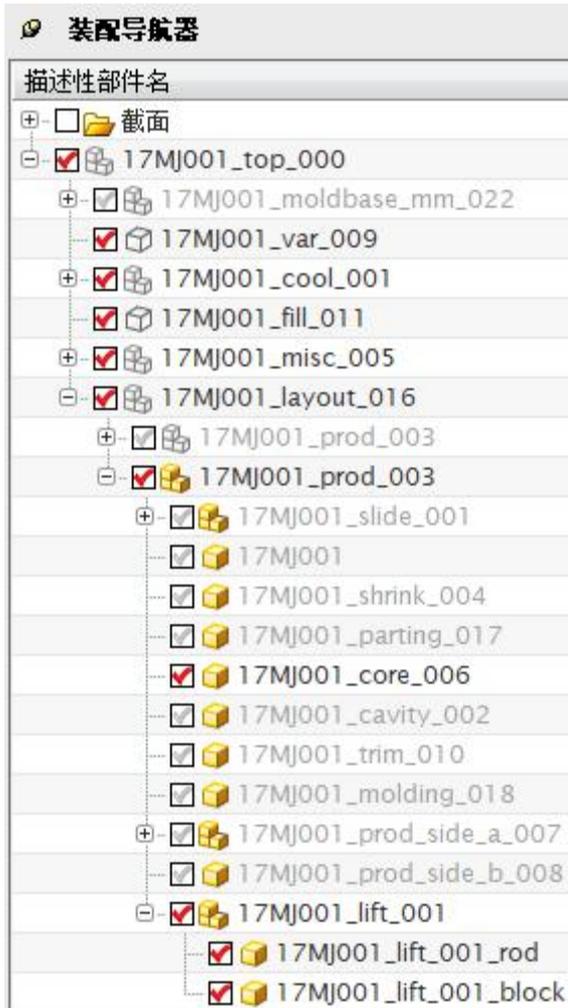
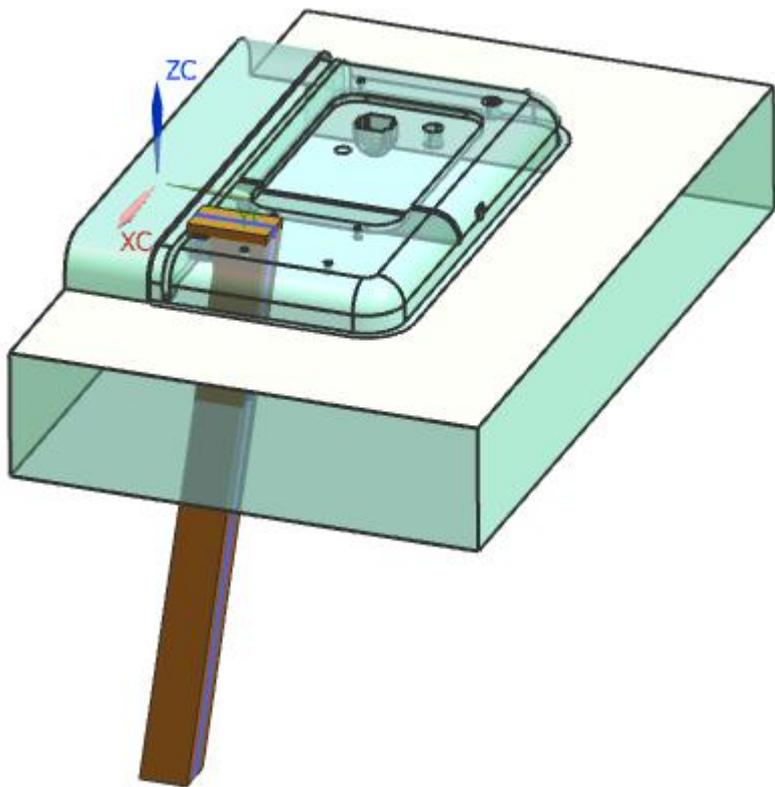
测量(M)...
= 公式(F)...



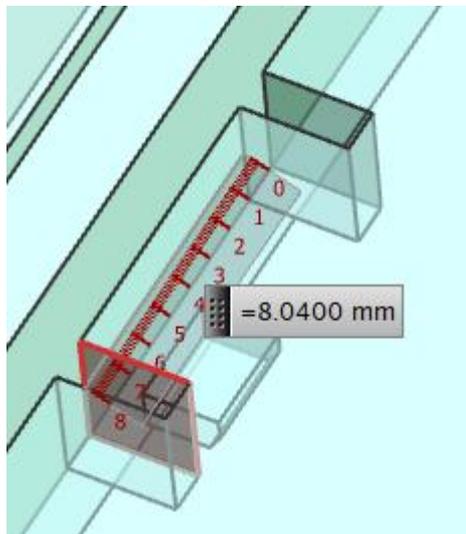
(18) 回到总装配: 17MJ001_top_000

(19) 使成为工作部件: 17MJ001_prod_003

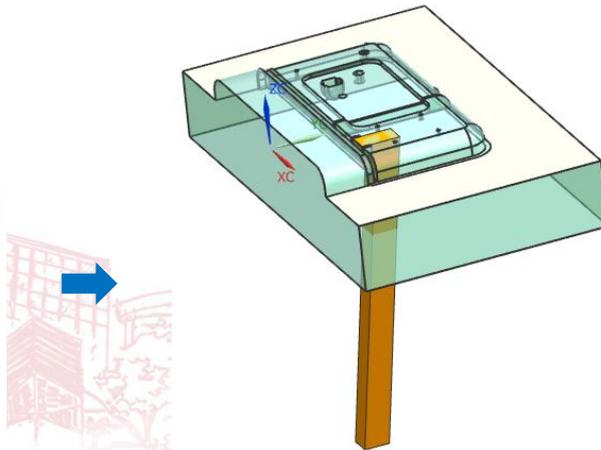
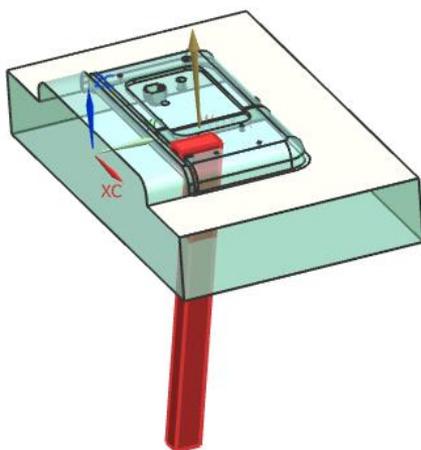
(20) “移动组件”: 将斜顶原点移动



(21) 测量成型宽度尺寸，调整斜顶尺寸

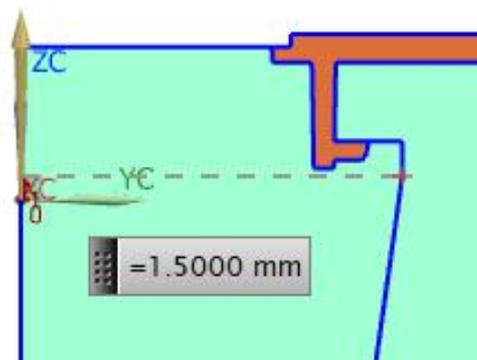
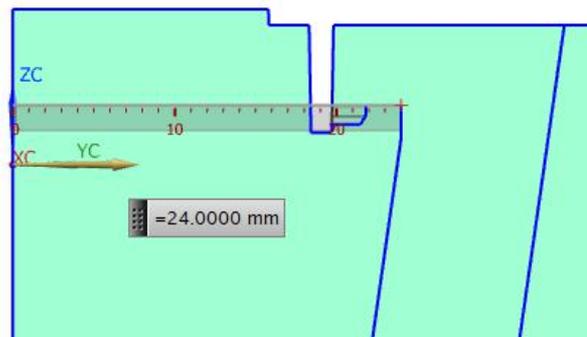
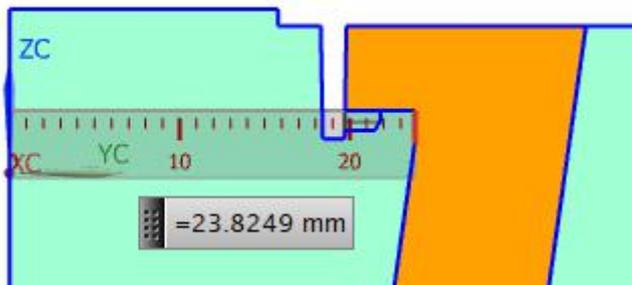


(22) 修剪斜顶：命令“修剪模具组件”





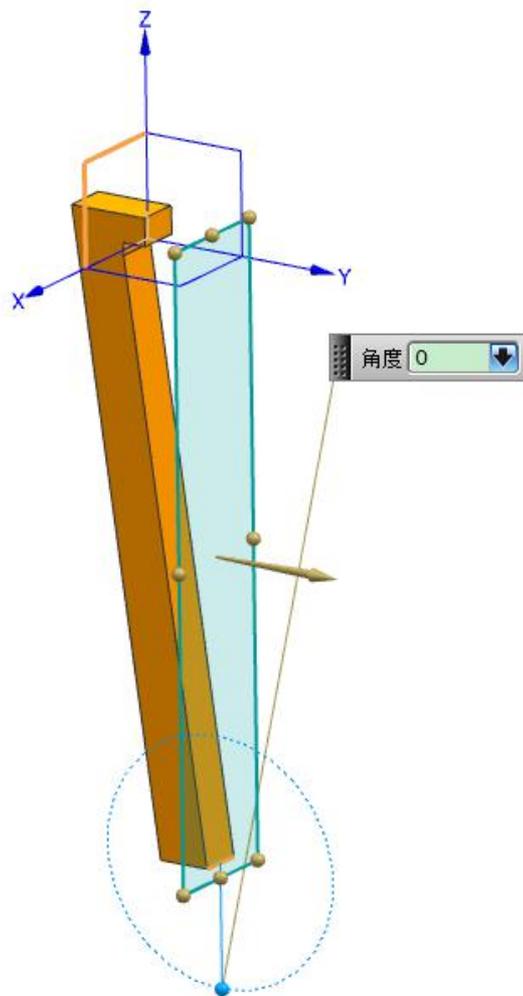
(23) 测量斜顶定位面与分型面的距离，调整斜顶草图尺寸，将距离凑成整数





(24) 使成为**显示**部件: 17MJ001_lift_001_rod.prt

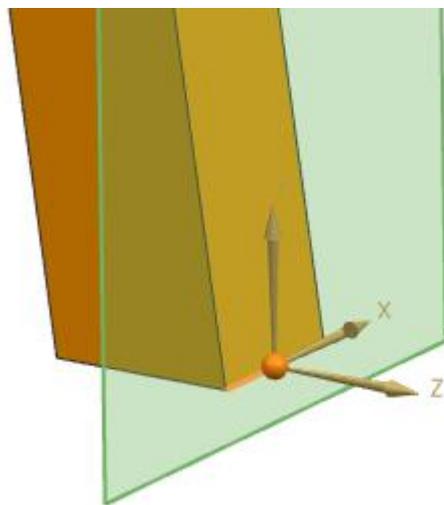
(25) 工作图层: 62, 创建基准平面: 与XZ平行, 过底端边线



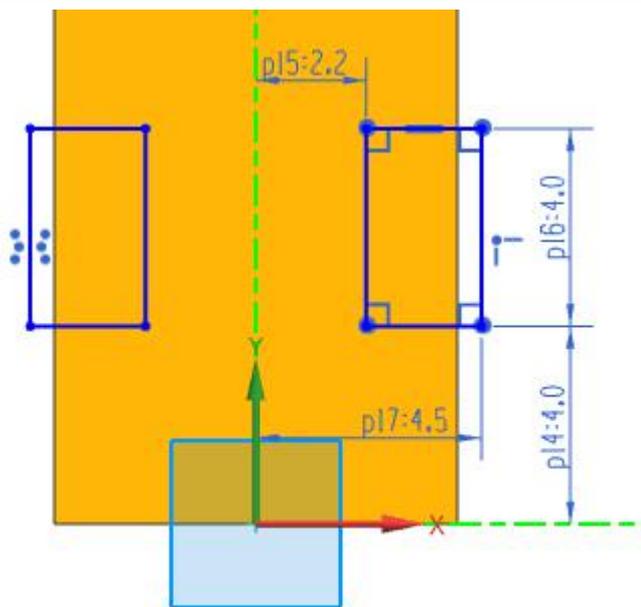


(26) 工作图层: 251

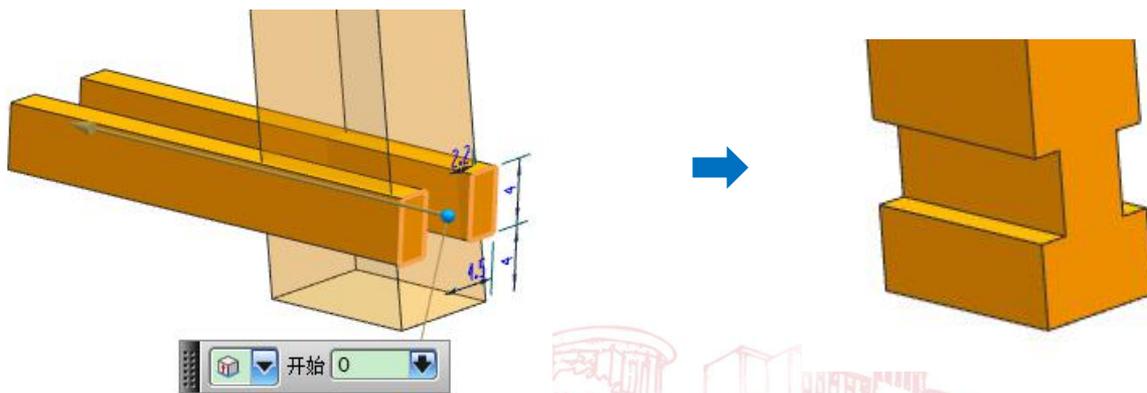
(27) 创建草图



(28) 绘制草图曲线



(29) 拉伸，修剪斜顶





02

斜顶座设计

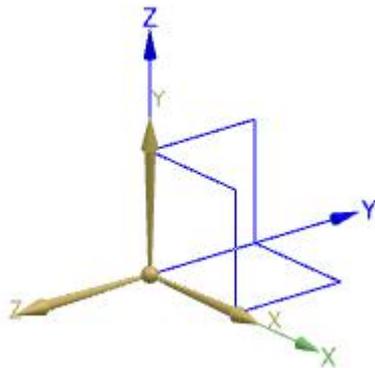




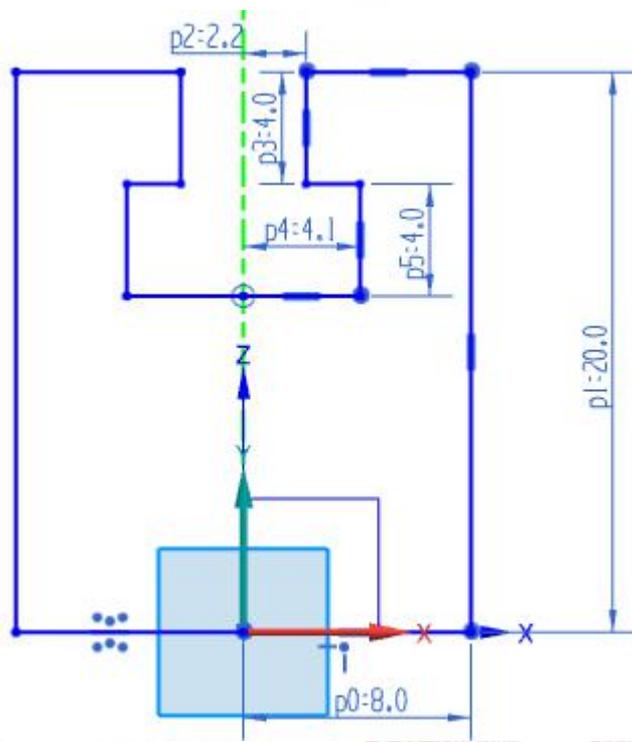
(1) 使成为**显示**部件: 17MJ001_lift_001_block.prt

(2) 设置工作图层为251层

(3) 创建草图



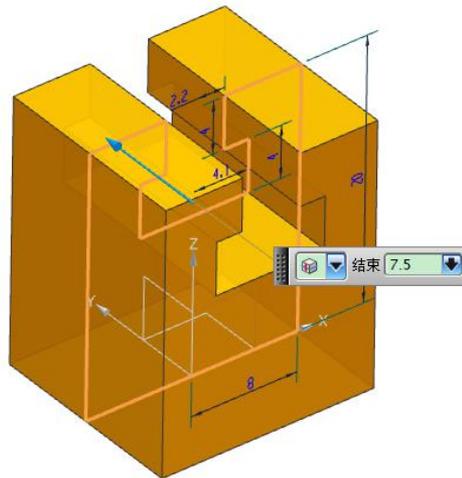
(4) 绘制草图曲线





(5) 设置工作图层：1

(6) 拉伸

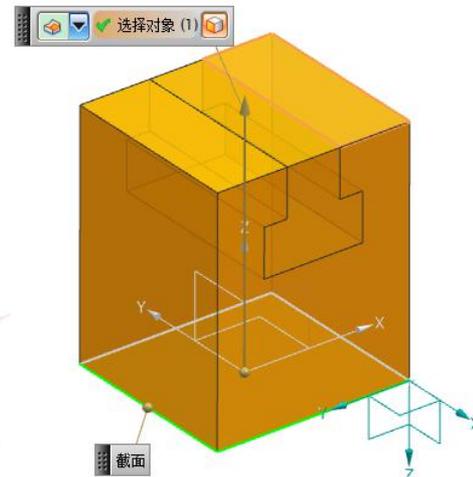


(7) 创建“引用集”：TRUE，对象为拉伸体

(8) 修改对象颜色（自选）

(9) 从设置工作图层：99

(10) 从底面拉伸实体，与底座等高

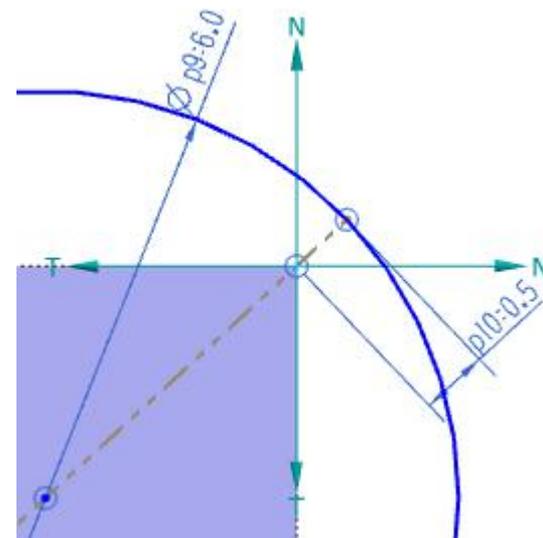
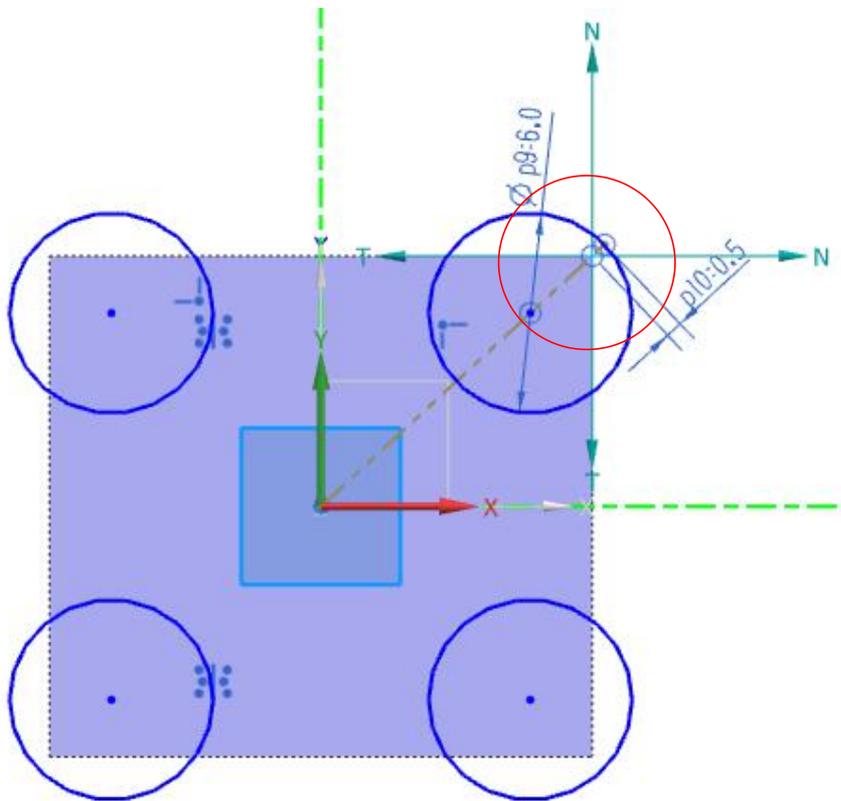
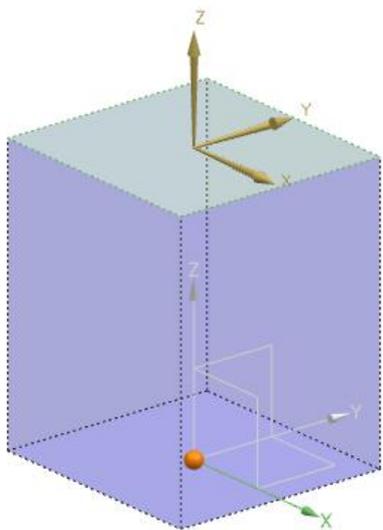
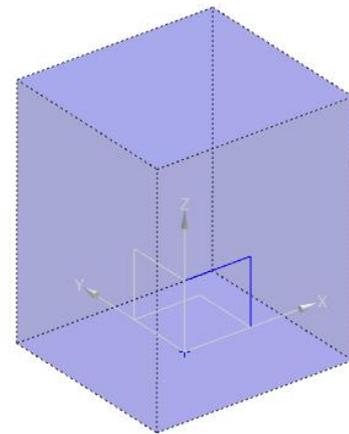




(11) 创建“引用集”：FALSE，对象为新的拉伸体

(12) 设置新的拉伸体对象显示：深蓝色，点虚线，透明度80

(13) 以顶面为草图平面，绘制如下草图曲线



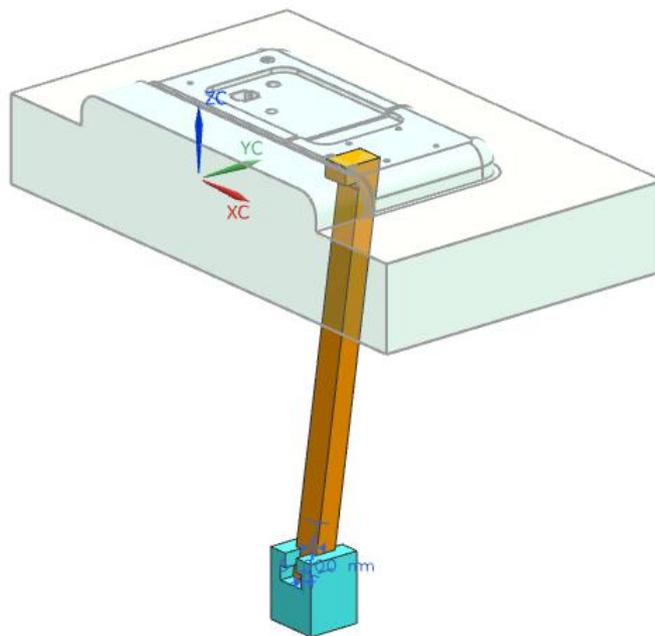
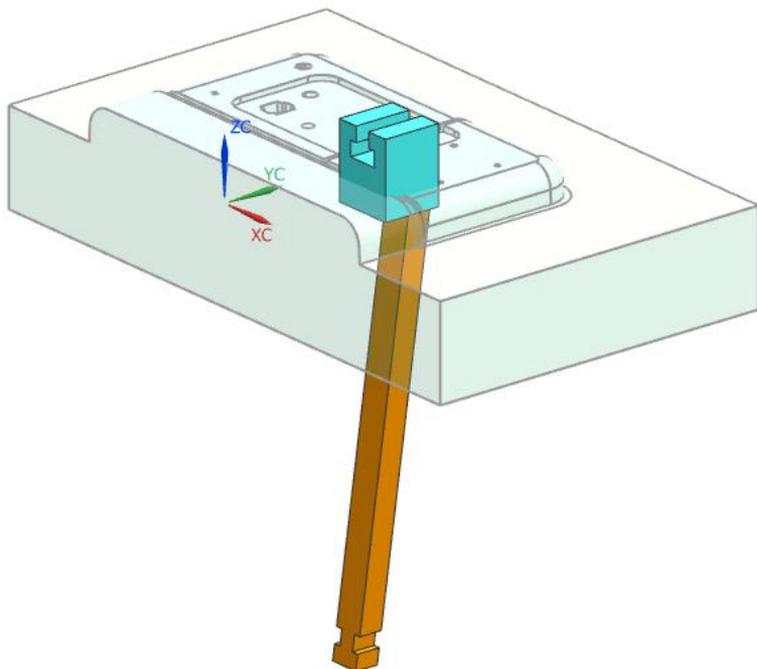
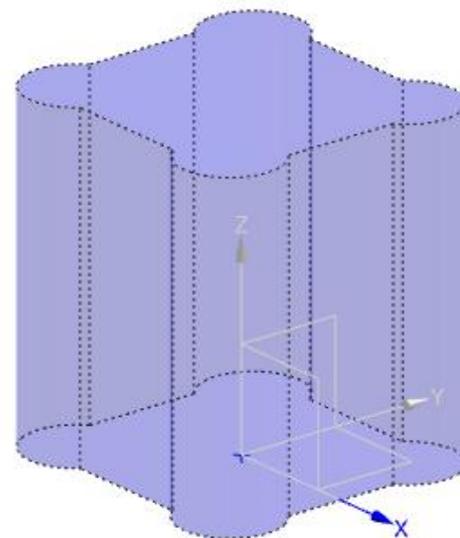


(14) 拉伸草图，与假体求和

(15) 工作图层：1，仅显示底座实体，保存。

(16) 使成为工作部件：17MJ001_lift_001.prt

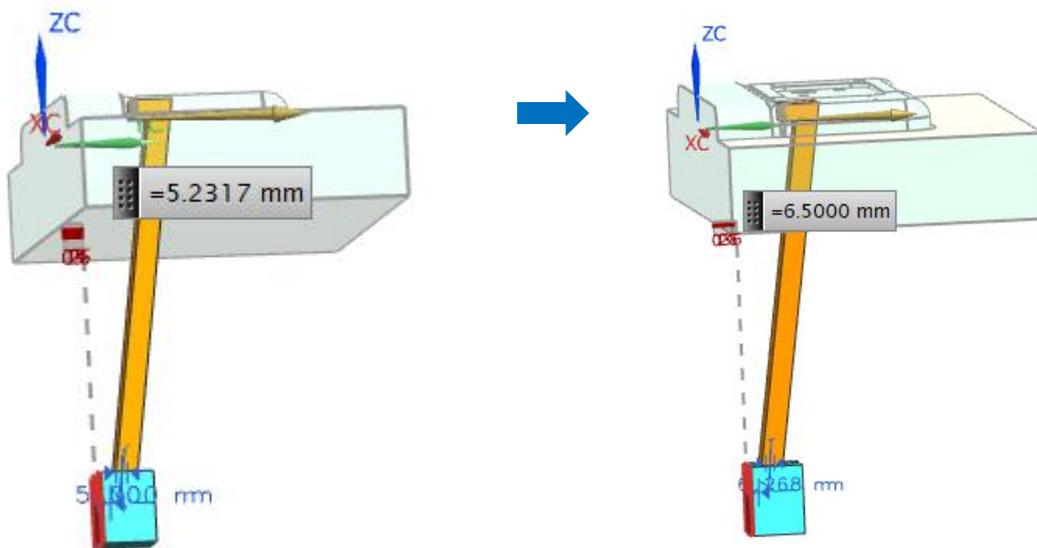
(17) 将斜顶座装配到斜顶上





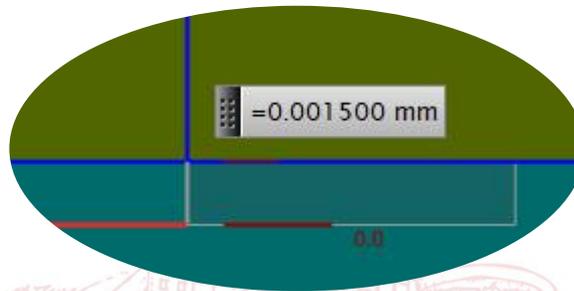
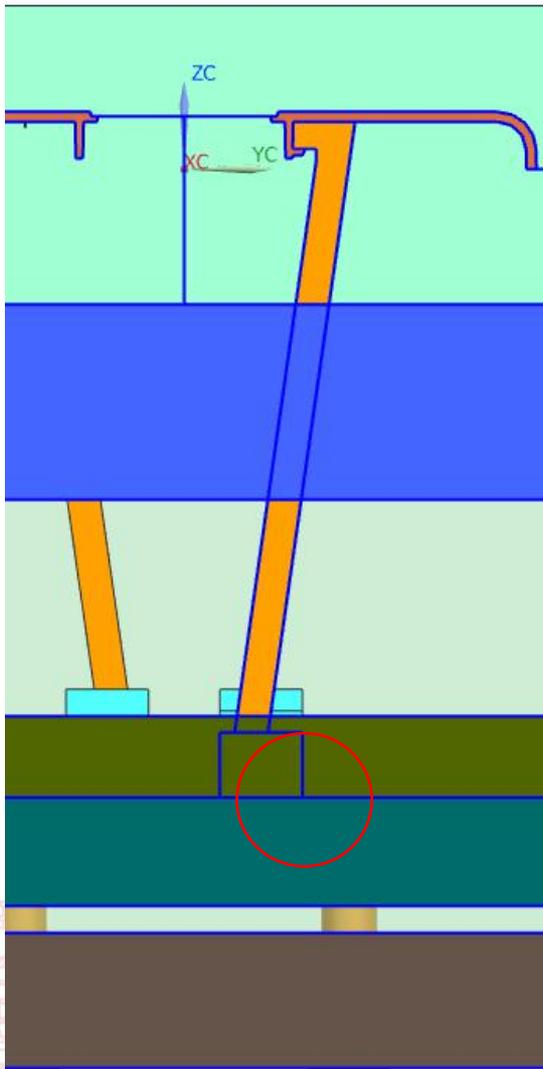
(18) 调整斜顶座与ZX平面的距离为：6.5

(注：型芯不能有任何移动!!!)



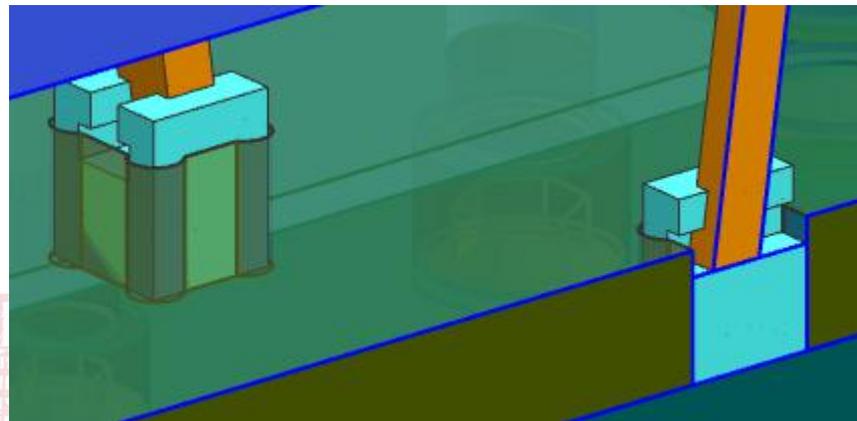
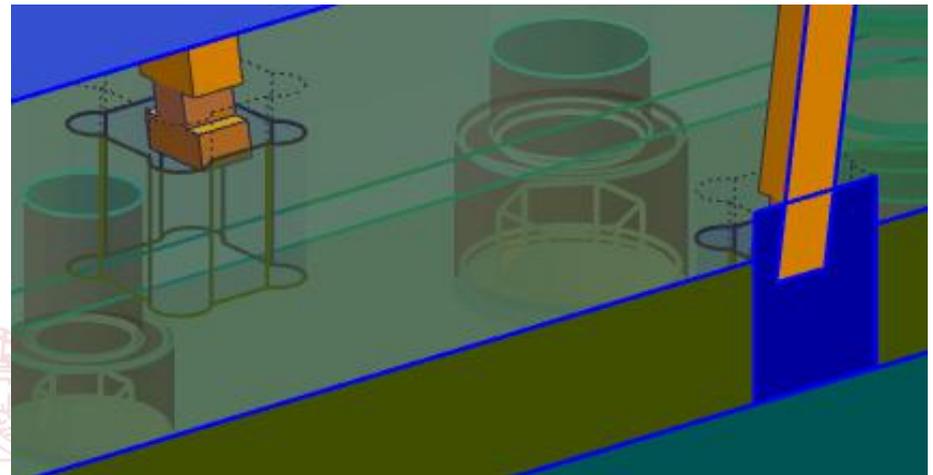
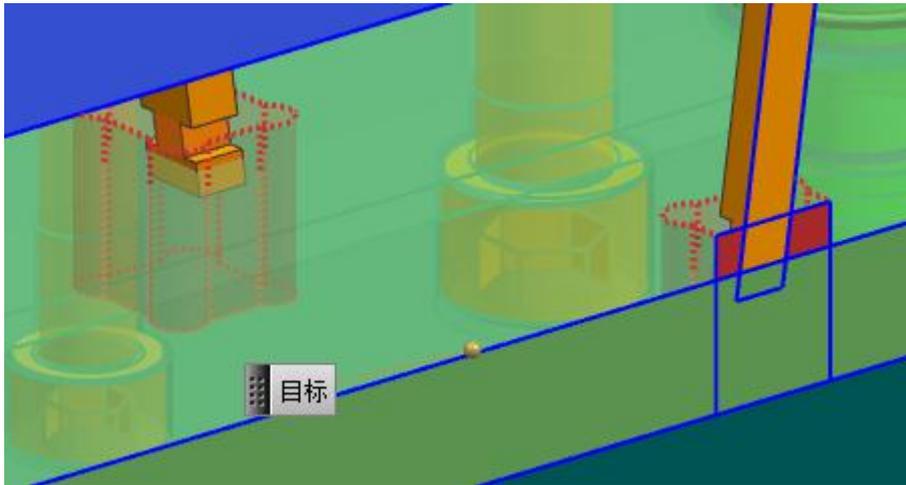


(19) 调整斜顶 高度尺寸，使斜顶座底面与底针板面平齐



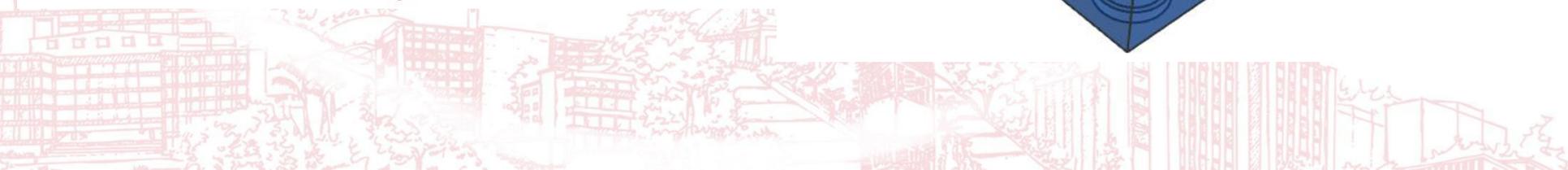
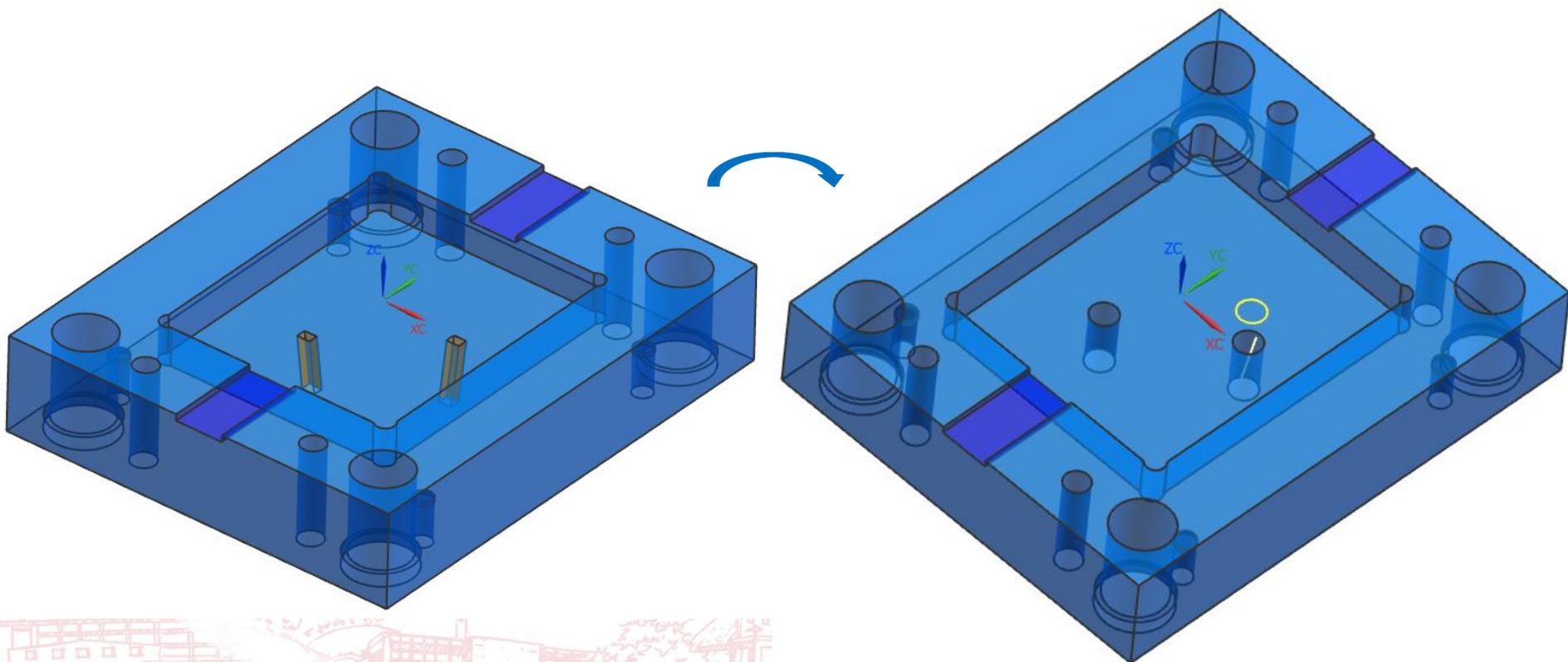


(20) 使用斜顶座的假体，对面针板求腔



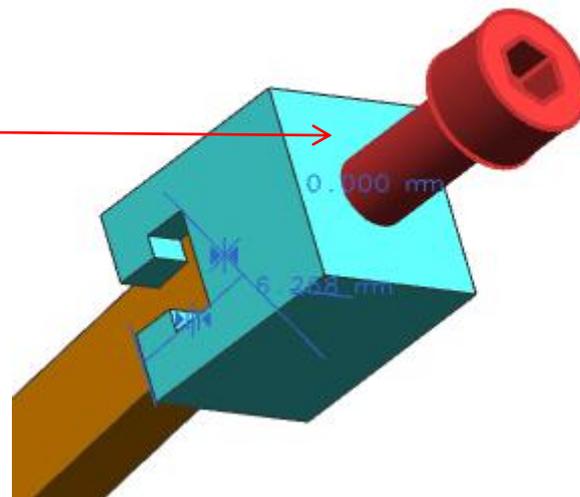


- (21) 使用斜顶**真体**，对型芯求腔
- (22) 使用斜顶**真体**，对B板求腔（两处）
- (23) 在B板上创建 $\Phi 16$ 圆柱孔，作为斜顶的避空孔



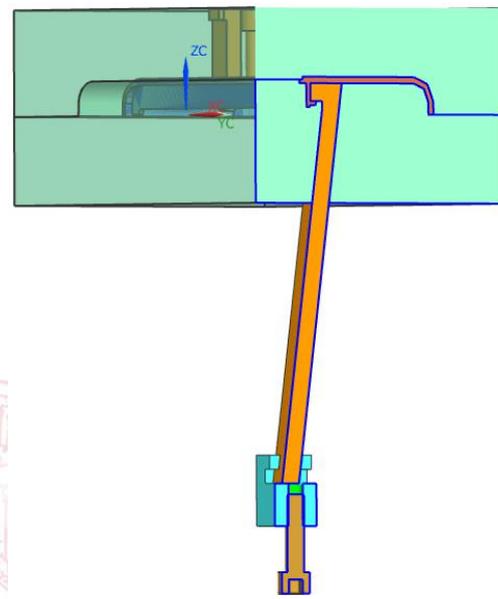
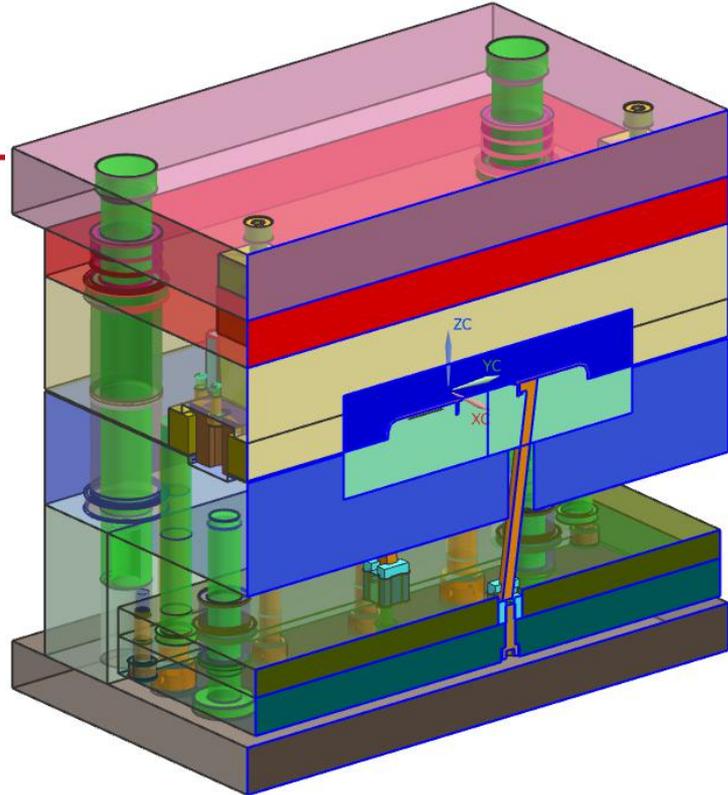
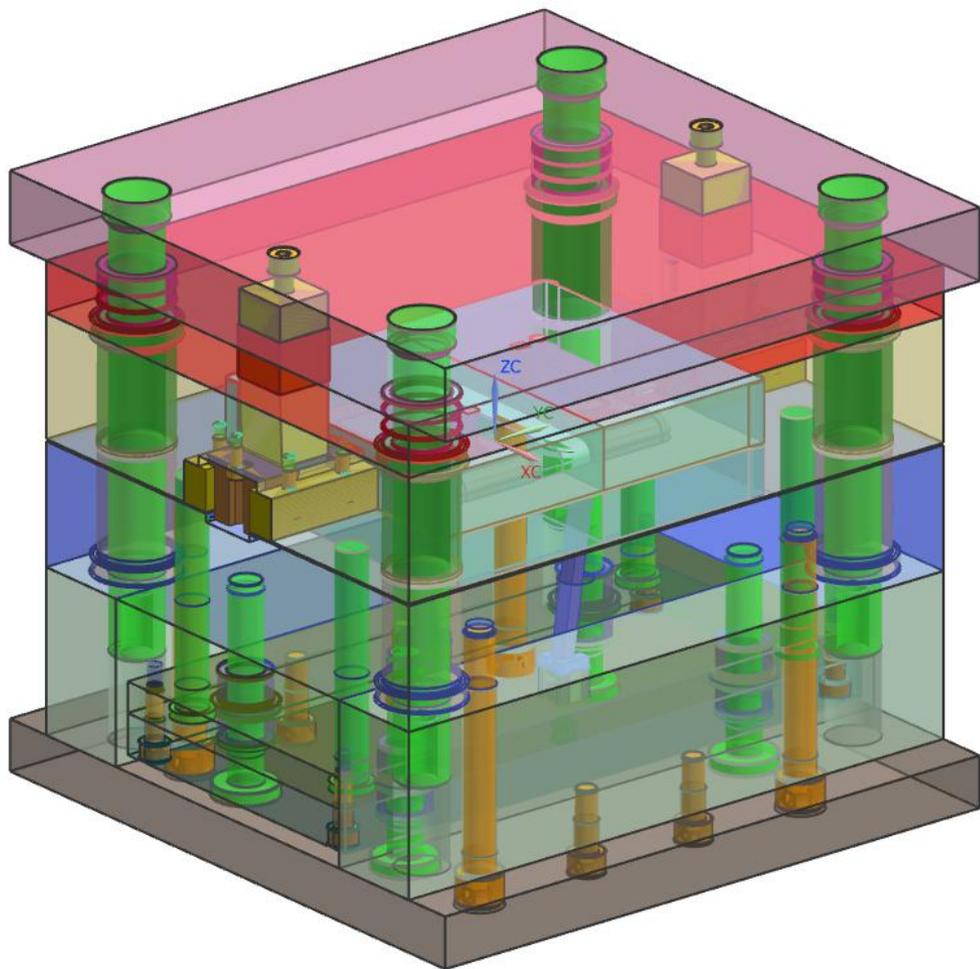


(24) 从底针板上添加螺丝，将斜顶座固定，求腔





(25) 阶段性成果检查，注意保存。





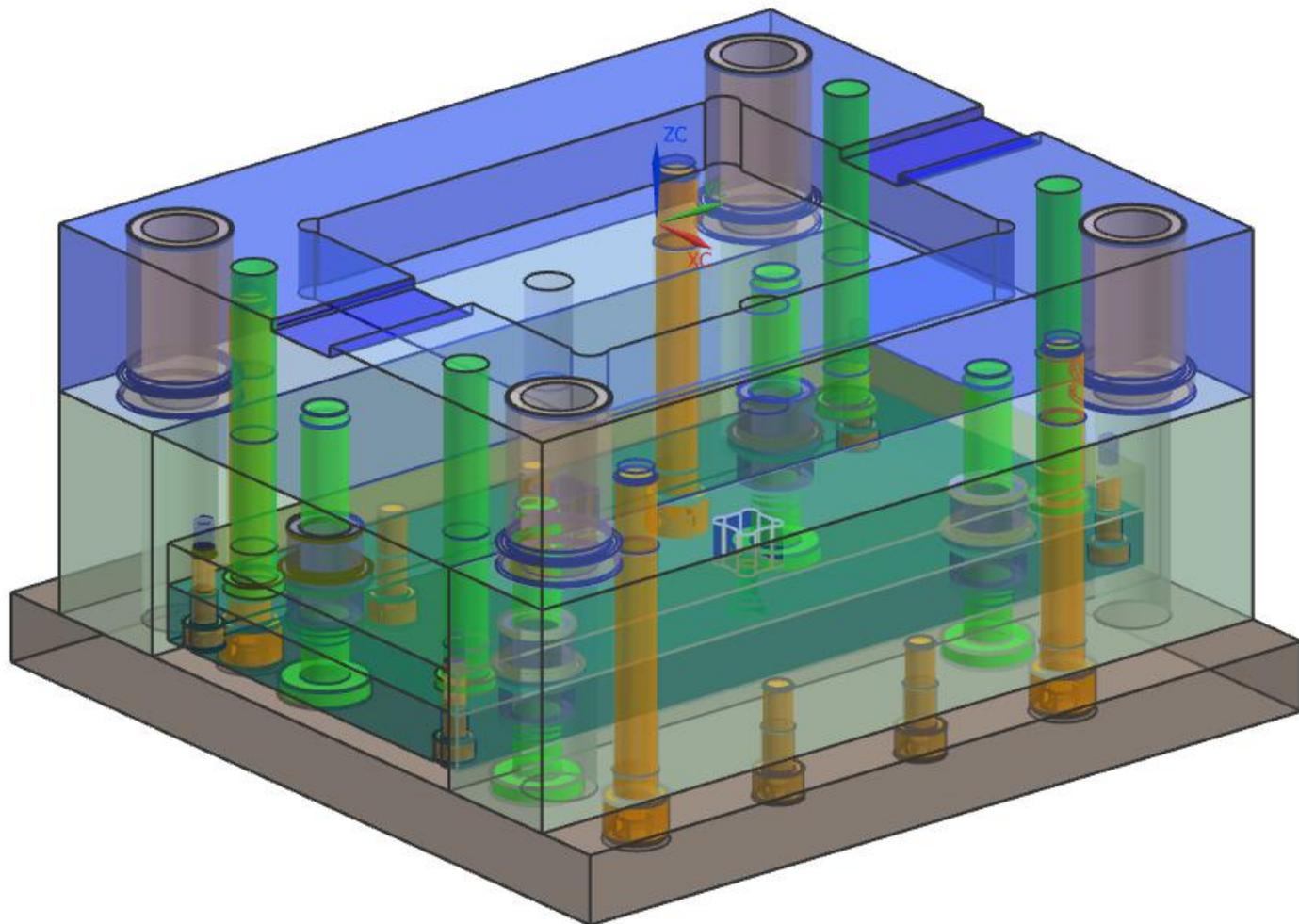
03

限位块设计





(1) 仅显示模架下模部分，隐藏其它





(2) 添加限位块 $\Phi 16 \times 15$ ，安装在面针板顶面，沿Y轴分布2个，各距模具中心68mm

标准件管理

文件夹视图

名称

- FUTABA_MM
 - Lock Unit
 - Screws

成员视图

对象	标准
Shoulder Interlock [M...	Mold
Shoulder Interlock [M...	Mold
Shoulder Interlock [M...	Mold

部件

放置

父: 17MJ001_misc_01

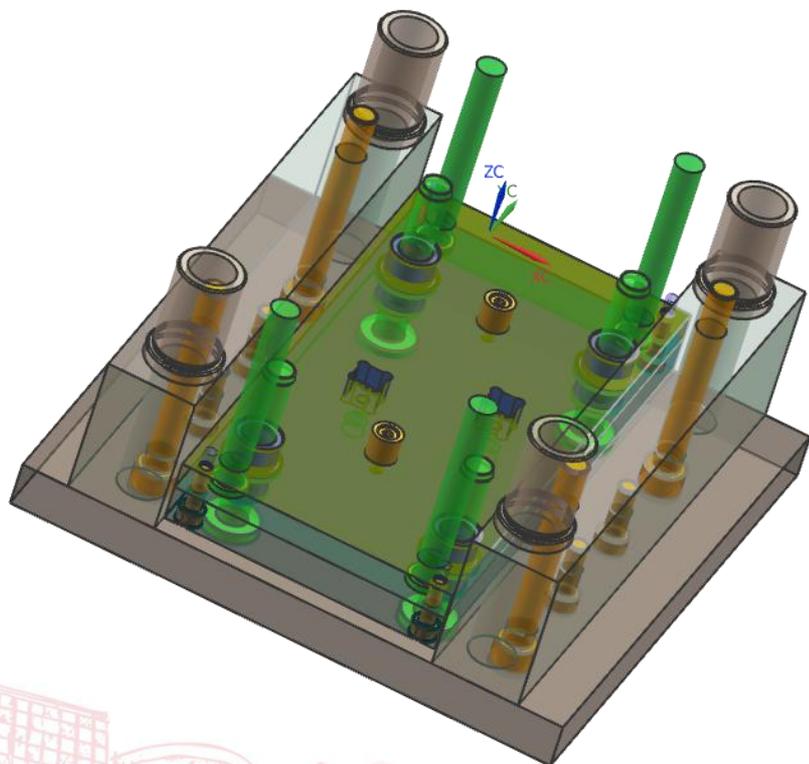
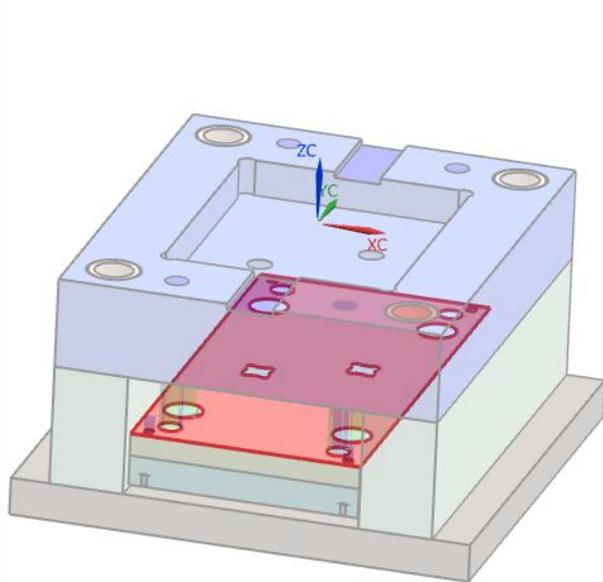
位置: PLANE

选择面或平面 (1)

引用集: TRUE

详细信息

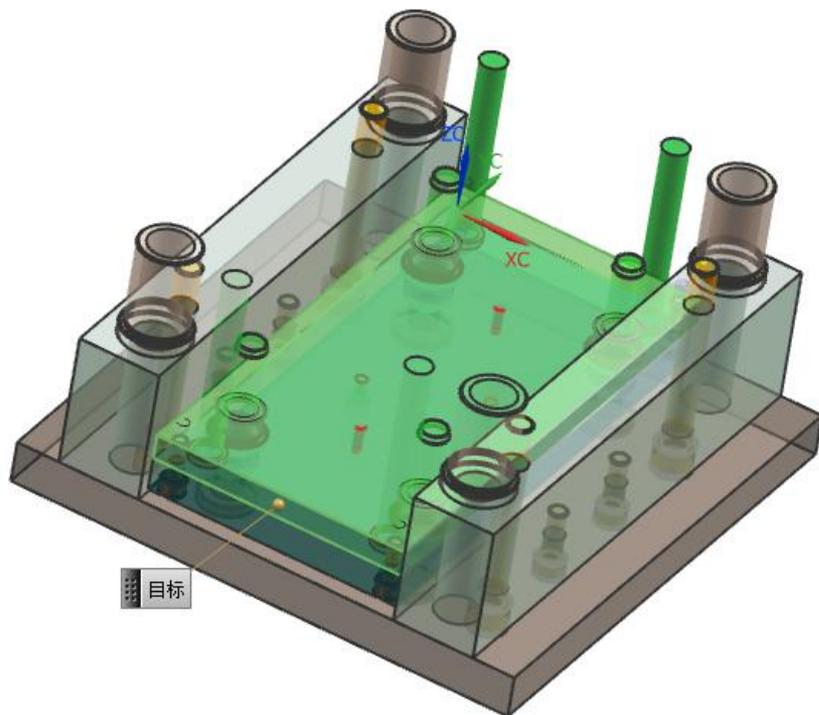
名称	值
TYPE	M-DSB
DIAMETER	16
HEIGHT	15
SCREW_TYPE	Z30
SCREW_DIA	6
THREAD_PITCH	0.8





(3) 限位块螺丝与面针板求腔

提示：先将螺丝“替换引用集”为“FALSE”，求腔时“工具类型”为“实体”





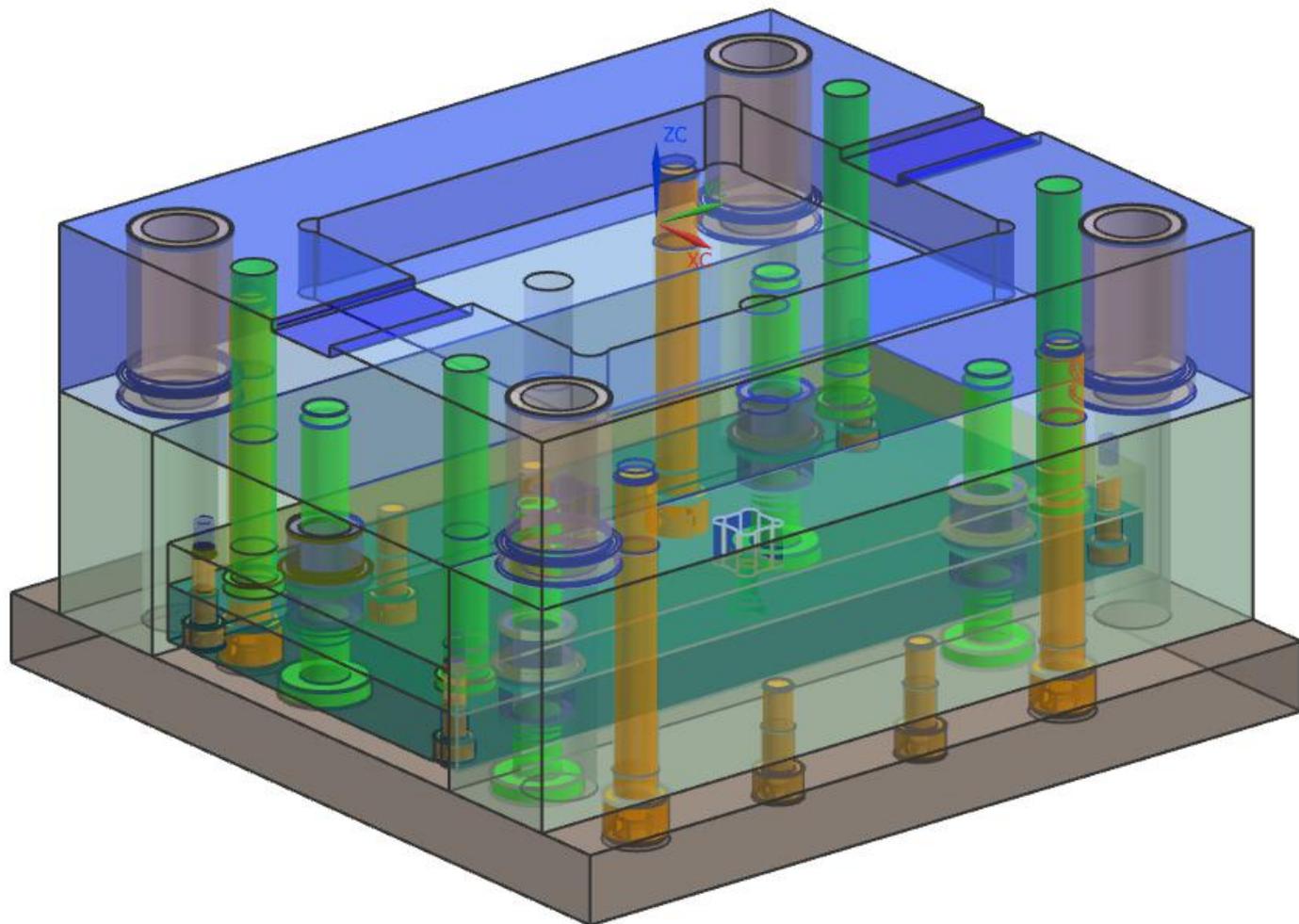
04

复位弹簧设计



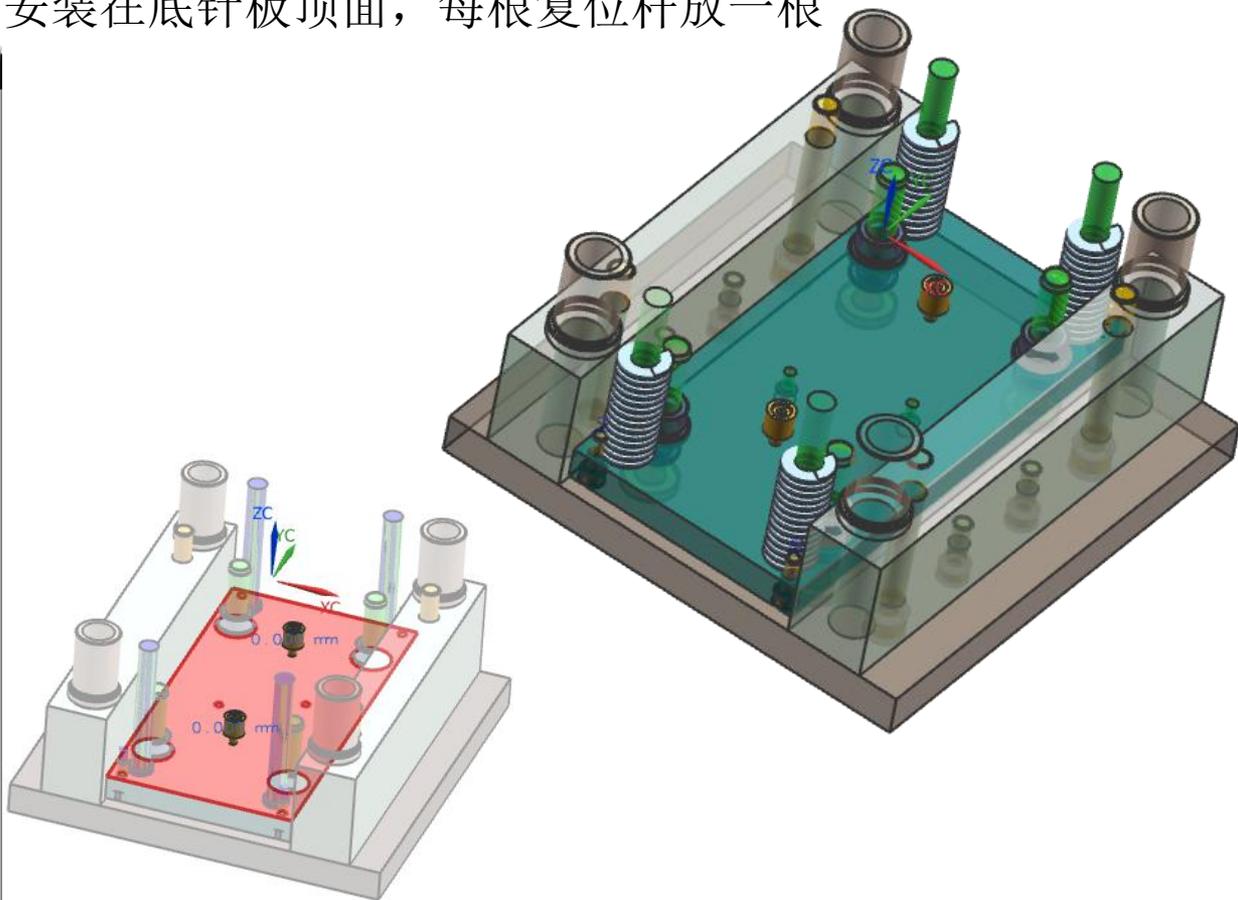


(1) 仅显示模架下模部分，隐藏其它



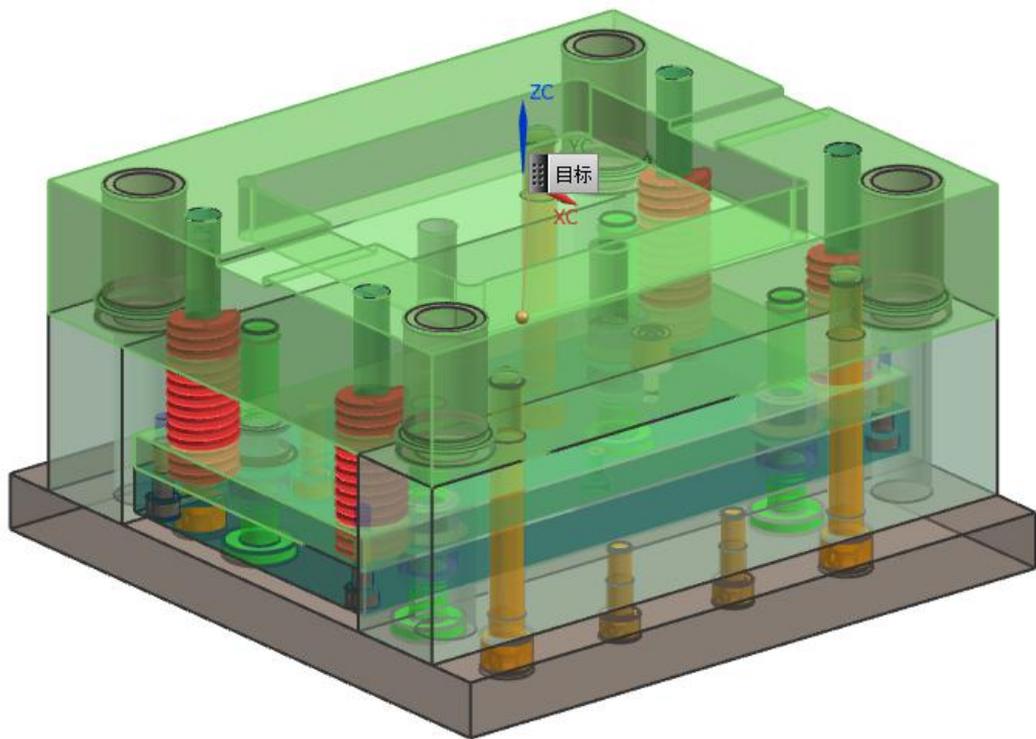


(2) 添加弹簧TF30x16x80，安装在底针板顶面，每根复位杆放一根





(3) 弹簧对面针板、B板求腔



(4) 使总装配为工作部件，保存。



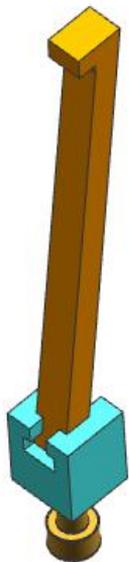
05

2D绘图

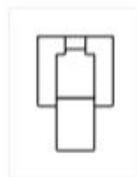




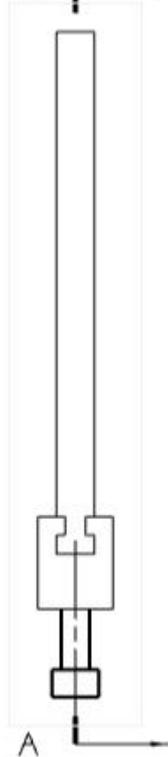
(1) 只显示+Y侧的斜顶，创建视图如下：隐藏剖面线、使用ISO螺纹标注



SECTION A-A



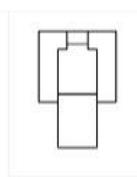
A



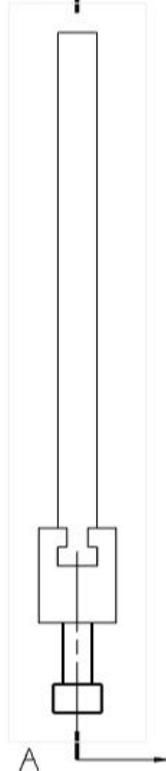
A



SECTION A-A

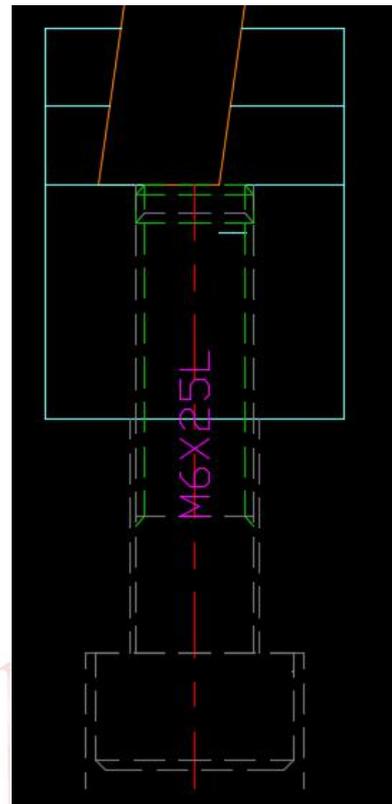
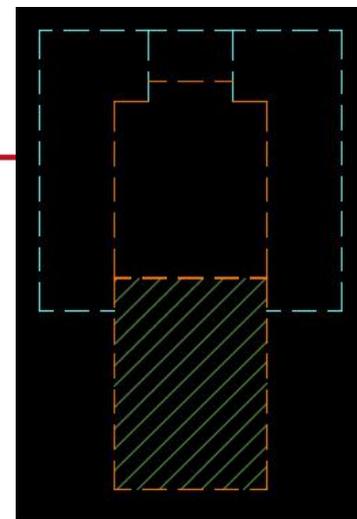
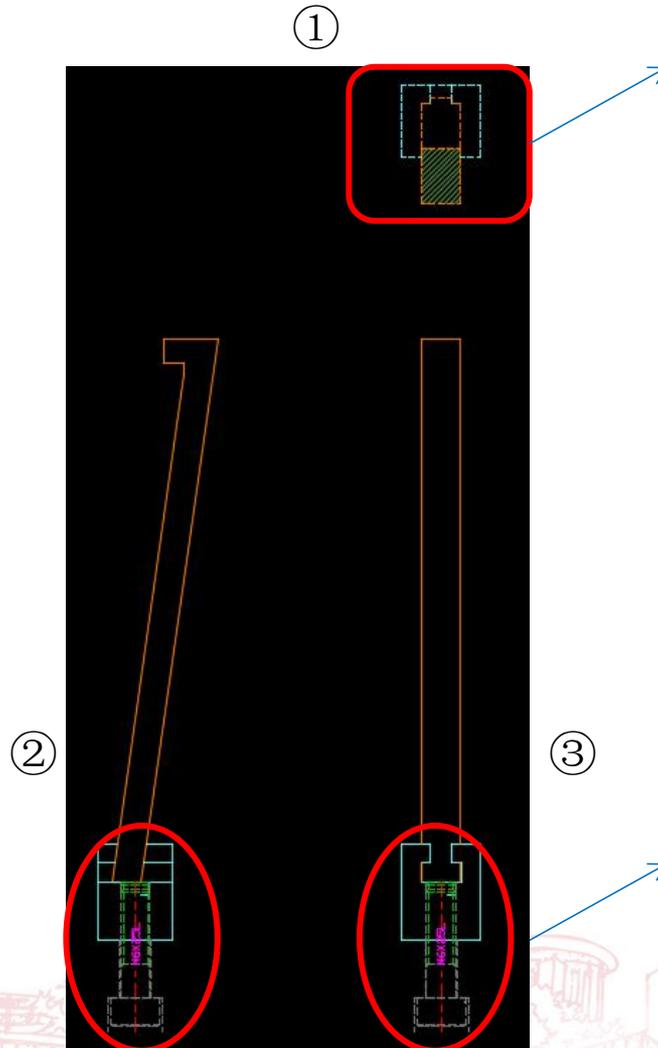
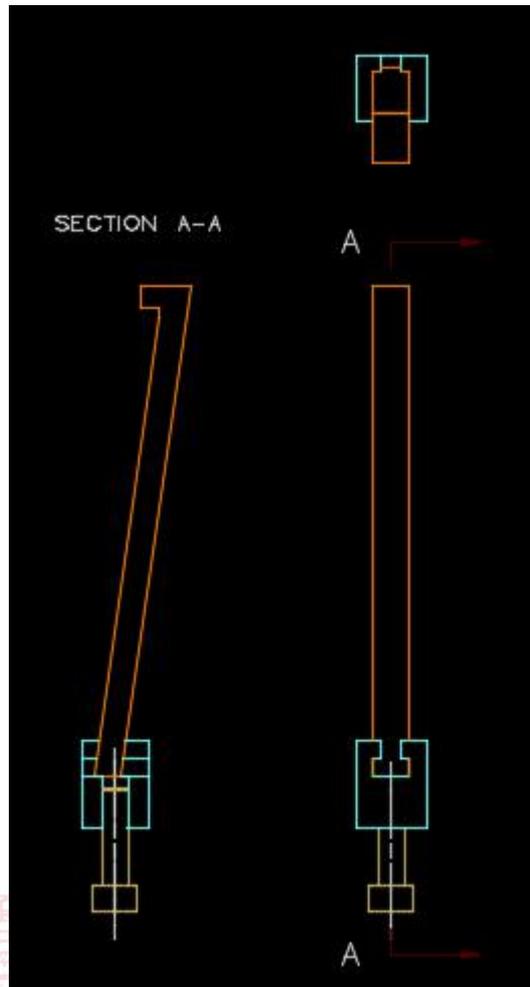


A



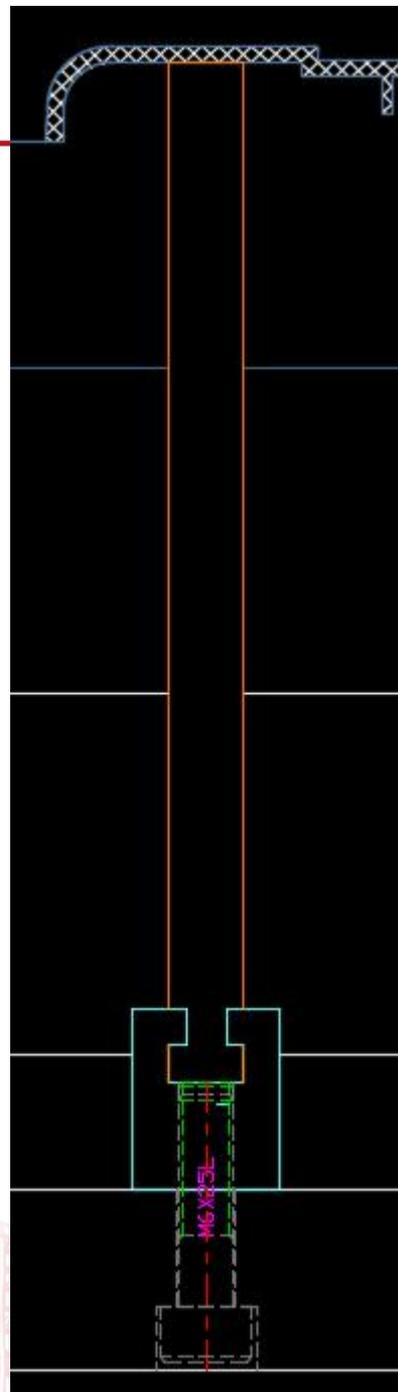
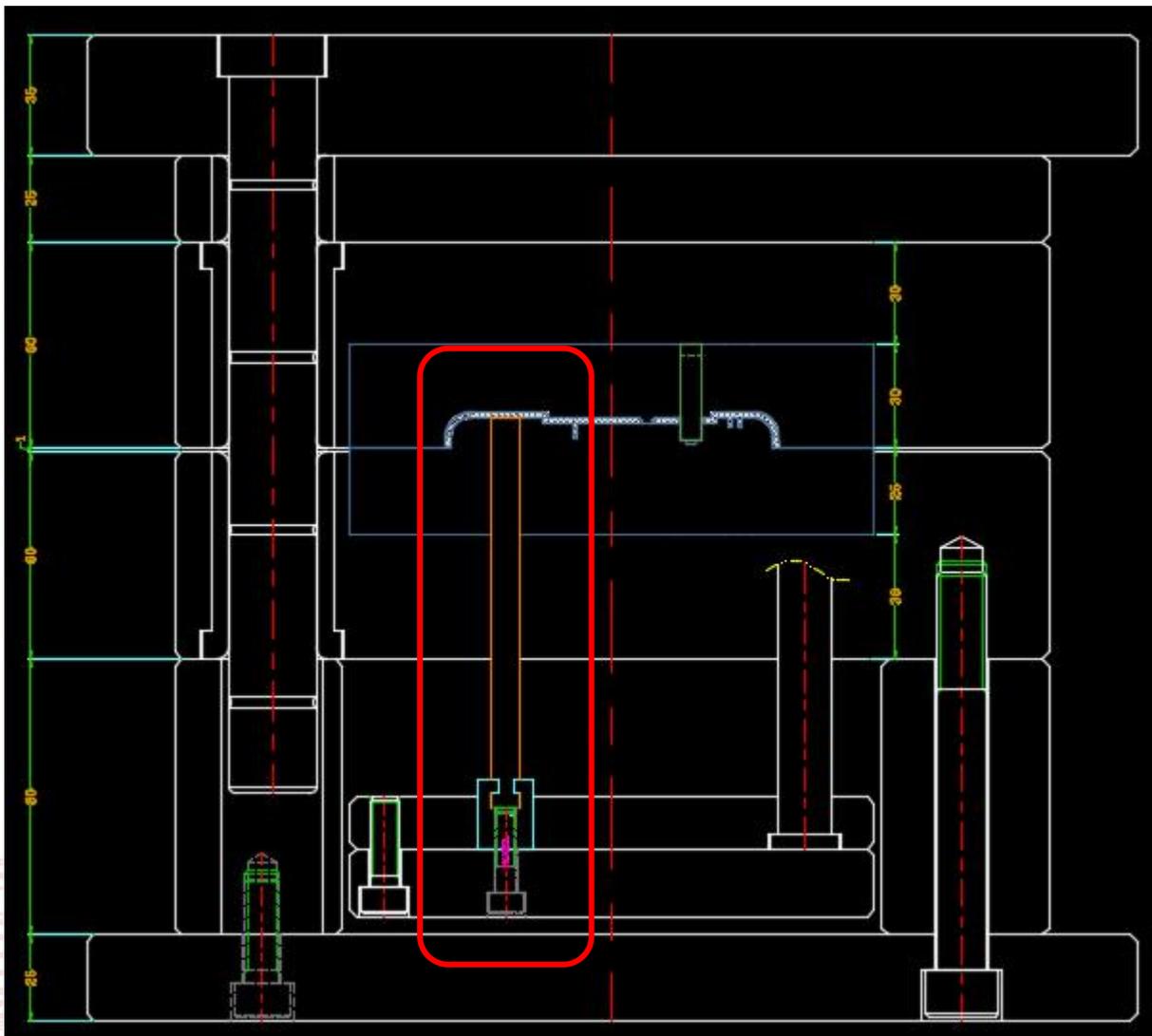
A

(2) 导出并复制到2D总装配图，整理视图



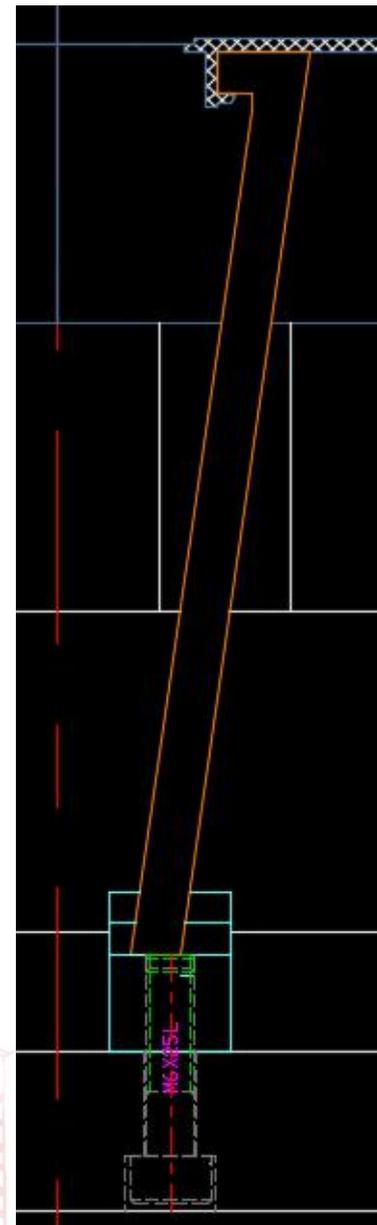


(3) 将视图③移动到主视图，整理





(4) 将视图②移动到侧视图





(3) 将视图①移动到下模视图（两处）

